

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

### NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND 200 STOVALL STREET

ALEXANDRIA. VA 22332 2300

Ser 1704/40K4 14 April 1997

From: Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command

CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH CERTIFICATION COURSE Subi:

(a) COMNAVFACENGCOM Itr Ser 1556/40K4 dtd 28 Dec 95 Ref:

Encl: (1) Construction Safety and Health Certification Course, Level I

- (2) FSC Construction/Alteration/Repair Safety and Health Requirements Course
- (3) Construction Safety and Health Certification Course, Level I, Scoring Key
- (4) FSC Construction/Alteration/Repair Safety and Health Requirements Course Scoring Key
- 1. The 3 September 1996 edition of the US Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM-385-I-1, was issued to field locations in January 1997. The Construction Safety and Health Correspondence Course issued in September 1994 and the FSC Safety and Health Requirements Exam issued in December 1995 have been revised to include the new requirements of the 1996 manual.
- 2. As required by reference (a) you have been appointed as the Construction Safety and Health Exam Program Administrator for your activity. As such you are responsible for administrating, tracking, and maintaining records for the Construction Safety and Health Certification Course and the FSC Construction/Alteration/Repair Safety and Health Requirements Course. Enclosures (1) and (2) provide procedures for administering the exams as well as copies of the revised exams. Level II, the closed book exams, will be forwarded under separate cover. Enclosures (3) and (4) provide the answer keys for both exams. Enclosures (3) and (4) must be protected and maintained by you and are NOT FOR RELEASE.
- 3. Please contact Shelia Davidson on DSN 564-5193, CML 757-444-5193, FAX 757-445-9454, or Internet sddavidson@hq.navfac.navy.mil if you have any questions, need additional assistance or would like a "Word 6.0" copy of enclosures (1) and (2).

DOUGLAS L. CRADDOCK

iglas & Cradalack

By direction

Distribution: **Next Page** 

### Subj: FACILITIES SUPPORT CONTRACT (FSC) CONSTRUCTION/ALTERATION/REPAIR SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS COURSE

### Distribution:

COMPACNAVFACENGCOM (Code 505K1)

COMLANTNAVFACENGCOM (Code 0526)

CO SOUTHWESTNAVFACENGCOM (Code 09K)

CO SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM (Code 054K)

CO ENGFLDACT CHES (Code 05K)

CO ENGFLDACT WEST (Code 09K(RE))

CO ENGFLDACT NW (Code 09K)

CO NORTHNAVFACENGCOM (Code 09K)

2ND NCB (N02E)

3RD NCB (N3B)

Copy to: (w/o encls)

COMPACNAVFACENGCOM (Code OOK)

COMLANTNAVFACENGCOM (Code 09K)

CO SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM (Code 09K)

CO ENGFLDACT WEST (Code 09K)

CO ENGFLDACT MW (Code 09A)

NAVFAC 40K, 114, 30B

### NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND

### CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH CERTIFICATION COURSE

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

### LEVEL I

- 1. This Safety and Health Correspondence Course has been prepared for all military and civilian personnel, such as Resident Officer in Charge of Construction, Assistant Resident Officer in Charge of Construction, Construction Representative, Construction Management Technicians, Engineer, Engineering Technician, Field Contract Specialist, Design Manager, Project Manager, whose duties require visits to construction projects or require contract negotiations. It is designed to familiarized personnel with the use of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-I-I (3 September 1996).
- 2. All NAVFAC personnel meeting the above criteria who have not taken and successfully completed the NAVFAC Construction Safety Certification Course or who were certified prior to 1 April 1997 are required to be certified/recertified utilizing the attached examination.
- 3. Level I is an open book exam, which shall be completed within a six (6) month time frame from receipt of exam, and returned the responsible EFD/EFA's Safety Office for grading and recording within 45 days of receipt. Level II is a closed book exam to be administered by the EFD/EFA's Safety Office or an approved proctor at your activity. Level II will be forwarded after Level I has been successfully completed. A passing grade of 80 or above must be attained on both parts. A certification of completion will be issued when each level is completed.

4.	if you have any	questions, the	e EFD/EFA	Point of	Contact is
Corr	1	or DSN			

EFD/EFA SAFETY MANAGER NAME

# CORRESPONDENCE CONSTRUCTION SAFETY EXAMINATION U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS' SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS MANUAL. EM-385-1-1

### NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND

### LEVEL I - OPEN BOOK

	SCORE:
NAM:	E: START DATE:
OFFI	CE:
Instruc	ctions: Circle the most appropriate answer.
1.	On most Construction/Alteration/Repair projects. the Corps of Engineers Health & Safety Manual (COE-385-1-1), 79
	910.29 CFR 1926. and other safety and health documents are references. In these cases with multiple references ements. including Local, State. and Federal references. the
a.	COE-385-l-1 will apply
b.	79 CFR 1910 will apply
C.	79 CFR 1926 will apply
d.	The most stringent will apply
e.	The reference for the agency that IS administering the contract will apply
	Before initiation of work at the job sitewritten by the prime contractor for the specific work and so of the contract and implementing in detail the pertinent requirements of COE-385- I-1 will be reviewed and found able by designated Government personnel.
a.	Job Specific Safety Program
b.	An Activity Hazard Analysis
C.	An Accident Prevention Plan
d.	AU of the above
3.	The requirements for an Accident Prevention Plan can be found in the Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Manual
(COE-3	385-1-I) in
a.	Section 0 1
b.	Appendix A
C.	Section 28.B.0 1
d.	AU the above
4. quality	In addition to the requirements of an accident prevention plan. contractor quality control personnel -as part of their control responsibilities- shall conduct
a.	Preparatory, initial, follow-up inspections
b.	Daily Safety Inspections
C.	Activity Hazard Analysis
d	Weekly Safety Meetings

5.	Before beginning each activity involving a type of work presenting hazards not experienced in previous project
operation	s. or where a new work crew or subcontractor is to perform the work shall be prepared by the
contractor	s performing the work activity.
a.	a Preparatory Inspection
	on she training
C.	an Activity Hazard Analysis
	Prework training
	We take the second of the seco
6.	Work will not begin until the for the work activity has been accepted by the
•	authority and discussed with all engaged in the activityincluding the contractor, subcontractor(s). and Government
on-site re	epresentatives.
a.	Preparatory Inspection: Contractors
b.	Safety Concerns; Contractors
C.	Preparatory Inspection: Governments
d	Hazard Analysis: Governments
7.	Weekly safety meetings shall be documented including the date, attendance, subjects discussed_ and names of
	l(s) who conducted the meeting. Documentation shall be maintained and copies furnished to the
mar viada.	on request
a.	Site Superintendent
b.	Contractor employees
C.	Designated authority
d	Project manager
8.	Employers and immediate supervisors are responsible for reporting all injuries to the within
	<u> </u>
a.	Designated authority: 24 hours
b.	Project Superintendent; 24 hours
c.	Designated authority; 72 hours
d.	Project superintendent: 48 hours
_	
9.	An Accident that results in injury or more persons admitted to a hospital. or in
an amou	nt specified by the designated authority shall be reported to the Government's designated authority
a.	lost time: one; equipment damage: within 24 hours
b.	fatal: three; property damage: immediately
c.	any: one; property damage: within 48 hours
d	lost time; three; material damage; 24 hours
10	WILLOUIA Complete the EM 205 leaves for the line of the control of
10.	What OSHA form does the EM-3 85-1-lrequire for recording of contract mishaps incidental to the work recorded and
-	? (Note: In addition to this requirement NAVFAC requires the NAVFAC CSIR- 1 form be completed and entered into
the FAIR	R data base system for all recordable and reportable contractor mishaps.)
a.	Form 91
b.	Form 100
C.	Form 200
d.	All of the Above

11. and polic	Emergency telephone numbers and reporting instructions for ambulance, physiciane shall be conspicuously posted at the work site.	and
	EMT. Ein den etwent	
a.	EMT: Fire department	
b. C.	Security; EMT Fire: Security	
d.	Hospital: Fire	
u.	nospital. The	
12. employee	When a medical facility or physician is not accessible within five minutes of an injury to a group es for the treatment of injuries, at least two employees on each shift shall be qualified to administe	
a.	EMT duties and first responder dunes	
b.	First aid and CPR	
C.	CPR and EMT duties	
d.	First responder and first aid	
	Trailers and other temporary structures used as, to house personnel or fors and cables or by steel straps to ground anchors: the anchor system shall be designed to w&stand le state or local standards for anchoring mobile nailer homes.	
a.	office nailers: storage	
b.	storage nailers: offices	
C.	temporary structures; storage	
d.	field offices: storage	
	Temporary project fencing (or a submtute acceptable to the government's designated authority a prevention plan)shall be on all projects located in areas used by of the _ ration will also be given to those areas proximate to family housing areas and or school facilities.	
Consider	ration will also be given to those mean proximate to fairnly nousing areas and or sensor racinties.	
a	used: personnel: contractor	
b.	erected: personnel: contractor	
c.	provided: members: public	
d.	erected: members: public	
15. posted.	For areas of minimal public exposure, fencing is not required but signs.	hazards. shall be
a	hard hat area	
b.	construction zone	
C.	warning of construction	
d.	limited access-construction	
16.	As a minimum requirement contractor employs shall uear clothing suitable for the weather a	nd work conditions:
	mum for field work shall be and or other protective	
a.	shin: long trousers: canvas	
b.	shon sleeved shirt: long trousers: leather	
C.	long sleeved shin: pants: safety toe	
d.	Tee-shirt: pants: safety toe	

17. <b>belts</b> or	Persons exposed to vehicular or equipment traffic, including apparel marked with a reflectorized or high-visibility material.	, spotters, or	, shall wear
a.	work crews: suppliers		
b.	operators; work crews		
c.	signalpersons; inspectors		
d.	Contractor employees: Government employees		
18.	All persons working in or hard hat areas shah be provided wit	h and required to wear Class	A or Class B
a.	near: hard hats		
b.	around; protective hats		
c.	close to; protective hard hats		
d.	visiting; protective headgear		
19.	Whenever respiratory protective equipment is required. employers sh	all designate a	to develop.
	ment. and manage the writtenQualifications of the ity in the accident prevention plan or	shall be submitted	to the designated
		, .	
a.	Specific person: safety program: designated person: activity hazard a	-	
b.	On site person: respiratory protection program: designated person: con		
C.	Qualified person: safety program: qualified person: contract safety pla		
d	Competent person: respiratory protection program; competent person	: activity nazaro analysis	
20.	When respirators are to be used_writtenwill be	e developed and implemented	
a	Respiratory Protection Program		
b.	Project Safety Plan		
c.	Standard Operating Procedures		
d.	aandc		
21. protec	When required to enter an IDLH atmosphere No employee shah enter ted employee or wearing a and tended by a		ther adequately
a	Safety belt; retrieval line		
b.	Safety line: safety harness		
c.	Respirator mask: retrieval line		
d.	Safety line: retrieval device		
<del>22</del> .	All confined spaces shall be considered	to life or health until proven	n otherwise by testing
a.	Classified located: hazardous		
b.	Untested classified: dangerous		
c.	Unknown classified: hazardous		
d.	Permit required; Immediately dangerous		
23.	A personal fall arrest system requires the use of as	part of personal fall arrest sys	stems.
a	Body Belts		
b.	Body Hamesses		
C.	Body belt with Lifeline		
d	Safety belt		

24.	The use of a	is permitted in a	system.	
a.	Body belt; positioni	ng device		
b.	Body harness: fall a	rrest		
c.	Safety belt: fall prot	ection		
d.	Body harness: fall p	protection		
			tensile strength of Horizon, as part of a complete person	ntal lifelines shall ix al fall arrest system. which
a.	2495 kg 5500 lbs ·	competent person: two		
b.		qualified person: three		
c.	•	qualified person: two		
d.	-	competent person: three		
26. sustainir	Seif-retracting lifel ng a minimum tensile		lylimit free fall distance to	or less shall be capable of
a.	3 meters (6 feet): 23	270 kg (5000) pounds		
b.		00 kg (5400) pounds		
C.		270 kg (5000) pounds		
d.		feet); 1360 kg (3000) pounds		
27. be made	Ropes and straps (ve from	webbing) used ınlanyards, lifelines	s. and strength components of body be	lts and body harnesses shall
a.	Manila Fibers			
b.	Sisal Fibers			
C.	Synthetic Fibers			
d.	All of the above			
or next	y all persons in the fo to water except when ng hazards. regardless	ollowing circumstances: On floating e guardrails or safety nets are provided of other safeguards provided: in s	ersonal flotation device (PFD) shall be ig pipelines, pontoons, rafts, or stages: rided for employees; working alone at a kiffs, small boats, or launches, unless	On structures extending over night where there are
a.	along side pier and			
b.	when working in/ne	ar coffer-dams		
c.	pile driving operati	ons from a barge		
d.	wherever there is a	drowning hazard		
29.	All Personal flotati	on devices (PFDs) shall be equipp	ped with	
a.	Battery powered li	ght		
b.	Whistle & light			
C.	Retroreflective tape	2		
d	All of the above			

30. hazardous		and equipment shall be evaluated to determine the presence of _ be released into the work environment.	or if
<b>a.</b> b. c. d	Dangerous operations; cou Hazardous chemicals: ma Hazardous environments; None of the above	y be	
31. hazard ar these con		used for the evaluation to identify all substances, agents, and en controls shall be used to controls shall be used to controls shall be used to controls shall be used.	
a. b. c. d	Chemical and mechanical Engineering and adminis Physical and environment Environmental and engineer	rative: PPE	
		ing and monitoring shall be trained in testing and monitoring promaintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction.	
<b>a</b> . b. c. d	Certification: submitted Copy; maintained Submittal; forwarded None of the above		
33. available	When any hazardous substat the worksite.	stance is procured. used_ stored or disposed	for the substances shall be
a. b. c. d.	Chemical Information Substance Control Proced Manufacturer's Handling MSDS		
34.	Every hazardous substanc	e being transported for disposal shah be transported with a copy	of the substance's
a. b. c. d.	Manufacturers Handling P Substance Control Proced MSDS Chemical Information		
35. EPA sha authority project's	Before initiation of work of all be developed and impler before initiation of work a accident prevention plan.	on an identified asbestos or lead hazard project_ a written plan in mented. This plan shah be submitted and accepted by theb ctivities. For contract activities, the compliance planb	compliance with OSHA and designated e incorporated into the
<b>a.</b> b. <b>c.</b> <b>d.</b>	Certified Industrial Hygier Qualified Persons; must Government's: must Government's: may	ists: must	

_	A fire extinguishers rated not less than, shall be available at all locations where heating devices and settles are in use shall be required on government installations unless otherwise indicated by the lent's Designated Representative.
a. b. c. d.	2-A:20-B:C; Hot Work Permits A:20-B:C; Sketch Map Locations 2-20-B:C; Full Time Attendants 2-A:20-B:C; Full Time Attendants
37. combusti	Bituminous-material melting kettles shall not be used or operated inside. atop. or within of buildings or ble material.
a. b. c. d.	6 meters. (18) feet 8 meters. (35) feet 10 meters. (30) feet 12 meters, (35) feet
38. qualifica	Only qualified and trained employ ees may be assigned to install, adjust, and operate laser equipment of tion of the laser equipment operator shall be in the operator's possession during
a. b. c. d.	Certification: use Proof operation Certificate: construction Degree: operations
39. exceedin	Airborne contaminants created by portable equipment (such as drills, saws, and grinding machines) in concentrations ag acceptable safe limits shall be at the source.
a. b. c. d.	securely guarded effectively guarded effectively controlled securely controlled
J0. procedui	shall be developed and implemented for abrasive blasting operations. including pressurized pot res (filling, pressurizing, depressurizing, and maintenance and inspection).
a. b. c. d.	Activity Hazard Analysts Safe Operating Procedures Written Operating Procedures Written Hazard Analysis
41.	No employee will be allowed to work in abrasive blasting operations unless they have met the and and and has been provided the personal protective equipment specified in Appendix
a. b. c. d.	minimum standards: training: experience; C training certification: experience: operation qualifications: C medical surveillance: training: experience: C both a & b

42.	All confined spaces are either <u>or</u>
2	Classified Hazardous; Non Hazardous Spaces
<b>a.</b> b.	Clearly Identified; Classified Non Hazardous
c.	Permit Required; Non Permit Required
d.	Classified Identified; Non classified Identified
43.	AU Permit-required confined spaces (PRCS) shall be identified with a sign readingto inform
personn	el of the existence and location of and the danger posed by the PRCS.
_	DANCED NO ENTRY AUTHORIZED DEDMIT DEGLIDED CONFINED CDACE
a. b	DANGER-NO ENTRY AUTHORIZED PERMIT REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE CLASSIFIED CONFINED SPACE-DO NOT ENTER UNLESS AUTHORIZE
b.	DANGER-PERMIT-REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE-DO NOT ENTER
c. d.	AU of the above are acceptable
u.	To of the doore the deception
44.	The major responsibilities of the entrants to a Permit Required Confined Space (PRCS) are towith
the atte	and alert the attendant or entry supervisor whenever they recognize any warning sign or symptom
of expo	sure to a dangerous situation.
	communicate: evacuate
<b>a.</b> b.	stay in visual distance: communicate
о. С.	communicate; notify
d	inform; notify
	,
45.	All employees with potential entry into a PRCS shall be of the existence. location. and hazards of the
	All authorized entrants. attendants. and entry supervisors shall know thethat may be faced during entry,
includii	ng information on the mode. signs or symptoms, behavioral effects, and consequences of exposure.
2	informed: symptoms
a. b.	notified in writing; problems
C.	notified: hazards
d.	trained: hazards
46.	All employees shall be instructed not to enter PRCS without the proper, and without following the
	and outlined in the permit.
0	Training: Instructions: Procedures
a b.	Safety Equipment: Training; Procedures
о. С.	Procedures: Safety Procedures: Information
d.	Permit; Procedures: Practices
47.	Each member of the rescue/emergency team shall be provided with_ and trained in the proper use of
necessa	ary for making rescues from PRCSs.
a.	CPR & First Aid Training
b.	CPR & Rescue Training
о. С.	PPE & Equipment
d.	Equipment & Training

48.	What person, on a PRCS "team" actually authorizes the entry into the confined space?
a.	Person doing the monitoring
b.	Persons who will actually enter the confined space
c.	Supervisor
d.	Any of the above once the permit is issued.
49.	How often is it required for each member of the rescue emergency team to practice making PRCS rescues3
a.	At least once every 12 months
b.	At least once every 6 months
c.	At least once every month
d.	At least once every week
50.	Each member of the rescue/emergency team shall receive what level of training?
a.	The same training as authorized entrants
b.	The same training as the supervi sor
C.	The same training as the attendants, plus CPR & First Aid
d.	All of the above.
51.	Off site rescue and emergency services shall be informed of the they may confronted with and be provided to all of PRCS.
a.	locations: listing
b.	hazards: access
C.	both a & b
d.	site situations: location
52.	What piece of equipment does an entrant use to facilitate non-entry rescues from a vertical PRCS?
a.	Chest or Full Body Harness
b.	Safety Belt with retrieval line
c.	Chest or Full Body Harness or wristlets
d.	Any of the above
53.	A mechanical devise shall be ready to retrieve personnel from vertical PRCSs more thandeep.
a.	1.5 meters. (4) feet
b.	1.7 meters. (5) feet
C.	1.8 meters. (6) feet
d.	None of the above
54.	A confined spaces is a space that:
a.	is large enough and so configured that a person can bodily enter and perform assigned work
b.	has limited or restricted means for entry or exit such that the entrant's ability to escape in an emergency would be hindered
c.	is not designed for continuous worker occupancy
d.	all of the above

55.	Any location (environment) with an atmosphere that poses a risk of death. incapacitation. injury. or illness due to
flamma	ble or explosive hazards, hazardous substances or agents. oxygen concentrations below 19.5% or above 22%, or any
other at	mospheric condition recognized as IDLH is defined as:
a.	Permit Required Confined Space
b.	Hazardous location
C.	Hazardous Environment
d.	Potential Permit Required Confined Space
56.	As defined by COE 385-1-1. a confined space that does not contain, or with respect to atmospheric hazards does not
have the	e potential to contain any hazard capable of causing death or serious physical harm is called:
a.	Non-Hazardous location
b.	Non-Hazardous Space
c.	Non-Permit Coniined Space
d.	Non-Hazardous environment
57.	Using the definition of a confined space. a contractor has a contract to replace a pump in a concrete wet-well. It is only
4 feet d	leep. The pump works as a lift station for station sewage system. This wet-well has been by-passed with other piping and
	-well is dry. There is a potential when the pump is removed for a small amount of sewage to flow into the wet well. Is this
	red permit-required confined space? If so, is a mechanical vertical retrieval device required?
	1
a.	Yes it is a PRCS. No mechanical device will be required.
b.	Yes. this is a non-permit required confined space. no mechanical retrieval device will be required.
C.	No this is not a confined space
d	None of the above answers if correct
58.	Piping systems shall be identified by field color and legend color. Materials under extreme pressure are to be identified
	e field color and legend color of
With th	e field color dild logerid color of
a.	black and yellow
b.	yellow and black
C.	blue and white
d	black and blue
59.	Manual (hand) signals may be used when the distance between the operator and signal person is not more than
a.	15 m (50 feet)
b.	7.5 m (25 feet)
C.	30 m (100 feet)
d	3 m (10 feet)
u	3 III (10 ICCL)
60.	For fire protection and prevention, the designated authority shall survey all activities and determine which ones require
a	1 of the processor and prevention are designated additing shared to a second and determine which ones require
a.	outage permit
b.	confine space permit
c.	hot work permit
d.	electrical permit

be post	ted and state which of the following?
a	NO SMOKING
b.	NO OPEN FLAMES
C.	NO SMOKING OR OPEN FLAMES
d.	SMOKING PROHIBITED
e.	None of the above
62.	Fire extinguishers shall be in and operable condition and shall be suitably placed_ distinctly marked and
readily	accessible.
a.	a fully charged
b.	an up-right position
C.	clear view
d.	all of the above
63.	Either general mechanical or local exhaust ventilation shall be provided whenever welding, cutting, or heating is med in a
a.	open Structure
b.	confined open ladder
C.	confined space
d.	none of the above
64.	Compatible fire extinguishing equipment shall be provided in the immediate vicinity of operations
a.	burning or cutting
b.	welding or burning
C.	welding or cutting
d.	burning or welding
65.	Patched. oil-soaked. worn. or cords or cables shall not be used.
a.	tape marked
b.	short
C.	frayed electrical
d.	none of the above
66.	Extension cords or cables shall not be secured with staples. hung from nails. or suspended by
a.	rope
b.	plastic tie straps
C.	bare wire
d.	tape
67.	Ground-fault circuit-interrupter are required in all circuits used for portable electric tools, including
a.	block. brick saws
b.	concrete vibrators
c.	air compressors
d.	aandc

Smoking shall be prohibited in all areas where flammable. combustible. or oxidizing materials are stored. Signs will

61.

08.	Electric tool circuits that are directly to an electrical source of power shall be GPC1 protected by a GPC1
type b	reaker.
0	plugged
a b.	hard wired
о. <b>с</b> .	on and extension cord
d.	on a hard duty cord
u.	on a nadu duty cold
69.	Temporary electrical distribution systems and devices shall be checked and found acceptable for polarity,  prior to initial use and prior to use after modification.
a.	Ground continuity
b.	Clearances to ground
c.	Ground resistance
d.	aandc
e.	aandb
70.	Crane operations adjacent to overhead 50 kv lines are prohibited unless:
a	Power has been shut off and positive means taken to prevent the lines from being energized.
b.	A1.2 m (4 ft) clearance is maintained.
<b>c</b> .	A 3 m (10 ft) clearance is maintained.
d	Either a orb
e.	Either a or c
71.	Before climbing poles. ladders, scaffolds or other elevated structures:
a	An inspection shall determine that the structures are capable of sustaining the additional or unbalanced stresses to which they will be subjected.
b.	The pole shall be made safe by guying, bracing, or other means.
	Action shall be taken as necessary to prevent failure of poles prior to removing or installing wire or cable.
c. d	AU of the above
e.	Both a and b
С.	Dour a and o
72. be ne	AU conductors, subconductors, and overhead ground conducton shall be to any isolated tower where it may excessary to complete work on the transmission line.
a.	tied
b.	bonded
C.	labeled
d.	none of the above
73. equip	Only tools and equipment designed, tested and intended for live-line bare-hand work shall be used and such tools and oment shall be kept
а	clean and dry
b.	tested and calibrated
C.	oiled and adjusted none of the above
d.	HONE OF THE ADOVE

/4.	On underground electrical installations, maintenance holes and unvented vaults shall be treated as, and subjected to the
require	ements of
a.	confined space
b.	unattended substation
c.	energized substation
d.	aandb
75.	Hazardous energy shall be developed in a hazardous energy control plan.
a	control procedures
b.	approved procedures
C.	approved plans
d.	submittal procedures
76. maxim	Lockout or tagout devices shall be capable of withstanding the to which they are exposed for the num period of time the exposure is expected, and indicate the of the employee applying the device.
a	weight; sex
b.	environment: identity
C.	environment position
d.	none of the above
77. emplo	Remotely controlled systems must be so that they cannot be operated by any source. The authorized yee shall affix lockout and/or tagout devices to each energy isolating device in accordance with the procedure.
a.	removed: safety plan
b.	completely isolated: hazardous energy control
C.	tagged: contract plans
d.	turned to the off position: safety Plan
	Before lockout or tagout devices are removed and energy restored to the system, theshall ensure that ork area has been inspected, ail non-essential items have been removed the system is operationally intact, all employees been safely positioned, and all affected employees have been notified that the lockout and tagout devices are about to be red.
a.	superintendent
b.	building owner
С.	authorized employee
d.	ROICC inspector
79. requir	A person whose position requires him to operate or use a system which is under lockout or tagout or whose position res him to work in an area where a system which is under lockout to tagout is being serviced to maintained is called
a	Authorized employee
b.	Affected employee
C.	Superintendent
d.	Qualified employee

80.	clothinghair. dangling jewelry (including dangling rings, chains, and wrist watches)
shall n	ot be worn while working with any power tool.
a.	Dress type: loose long
b.	short pants and <b>shirt</b> type: short
c.	loose and frayed; loose long
d.	tight fitting; long loose
81.	AU portable, power-driven circular saws shall:
a.	Be equipped with guards above and below the baseplate or shoe.
b.	Be double insulated_
C.	Have the operating speed etched or permanently marked in a prominent place.
d.	Be equipped with anti-kickback devices
e.	Be equipped with sawdust collector
82	Radial arm power saws shall be equipped with an
a.	automatic brake
b.	automatic vacuum
С.	laser guided line
d	depth gage
83 provid	A is one who has been trained by an authorized instructor (one who has been trained authorized. and led an authorized instructor's card by the tool manufacturer or by an authorized representative of the tool manufacturer)
a.	qualified operator
b.	authorized user
C.	qualified instructor
d.	none of the above
84.Ex	plosive actuated tools shall not be driven into
a.	soft or easily penetrable materials unless they are backed by a material that will prevent the fastener from passing
	through the other side.
b.	concrete. unless the material thickness is at least three times thepenetration of the fastened shank.
c.	cast iron.
d.	all of the above
e.	bothaandb
85.	A chain saw must never be used to cut above the operators'
a	head height
b.	waist height
С.	shoulder height
d	none of the above
86.	Where the movement of materials may be hazardous to persons or other devices shall be used to control
the lo	pads being handled by hoisting equipment; these devices shall bewhen used near energized lines.
a	taglines: nonconductive
b.	banding; sheathed
c.	containerized, grounded
d.	none of the above

87.	Material stored ins	side building un	der construction shall	not be placed	within	of any hoistway or floor
opening.	nor within	of an enen	or wall which does no	ot extend above	e the material sto	ored
	1.2 (1.6), 2.1	(7 A)				
a. L	1.2 m (4 ft); 2.1 m					
b.	3.1 m (7 ft); 3 m (1					
C.	1.8 m (6 ft); 3 m (1					
d.	1.8 m (6 ft); 2.1 m	(7 A)				
88.			hall not be stacked mo tapered back 5 cm(2 in.		-	ks shall not be more than
—— III	igii and stacked 100s	e diick shan de i	tapered back 3 cm(2 m.	every 0.5III (1	. It. above the	tevel.
a.	6 m (20 ft); 1.8 m	(6 ft): 1.2 m (4 t	ft)			
b.	1.8 m (16 A): 1.8					
С.	4.8 m (16 ft): 2.1 r	m (7 ft): 1.2 m (-	4 ft)			
d.	6 m (20 ft); 1.8 m(					
89.	Work areas shall b	oe inspected	for adequa	ate housekeepi	ng and sufficient	personnel/equipment provided
to insure			ed in any areas that ar	_	-	
a.	weekly					
b.	daily					
С.	twice weekly					
d.	monthly					
90.	All stairways, pass	ageways, gangv	vays, and accessways	shall be kept t	free of	at all times.
a.	materials					
b.	supplies					
С.	obstructions					
d.	all the above					
91. enclosed		nd rubbish shall	not be thrown from a	height of more	than	unless dropped through an
a.	1 m (42 in)					
b.	$1.5 \mathrm{m} (5 \mathrm{ft})$					
С.	1.8 m (6 A)					
d	2 m (6 ft 6 in)					
91.	When hoisting loa	ıds	_ shall be used to secu	ire the load and	l rigging	
a.	a positive latching	g device				
b.	only alloyed chain					
С.	hooks. shackles. a					
d.	none of the above	-				
93.	Except for eye spl	ices in the ends	of wires and for endle	ess wire rone sl	ings wire <b>rone</b> us	sed in hoisting. lowering, or
	loads. shall consist of		or whey and for ordine	oss whe tope si	mgs. who tope at	see in noising. lowering, or
2	one continue	222				
a. h	one continuous pi					
b.	without knot or sp both a and b	nices				
c. d.	none of the above					
u.	none or the above	,				

94.	The employer shall have each synthetic web sling marked or coded to show
a. b. c.	name or trademark of the manufacturer rated capacity for the type of hitch type of material
d.	all of the above
95.	Theuseof for entertainment purposes while operating equipment is prohibited.
a.	radios
b. c.	tape players headphones
d	all of the above
96. provided	Equipment powered by an internal combustion engine will not be operated unless adequate ventilation is it.
a.	in enclosed areas
b.	near flammable material
c. d	bothaandb none of the above
u	none of the above
97.	Drivers and crewmen may remain in the cab during loading operations when equipped with a
a	cab protector
b.	hard hat
C.	bothaandb
d.	none of the above
98.	All equipment left unattended at night adjacent to a highway in normal use or adjacent to construction areas where
	in progress. shall have <u>or</u> equipped with lights or reflectors, to identify, the
location	of the equipment
a	fencing: tape: barricades
b.	lights: reflectors; barricades
C.	fencing: rope: barricades
d.	lights: fencing; barricades
99. 	No modifications or additions which affect the capacity or safe operation of machinery or equipment shall be made
a.	without a licensed engineers approval
b.	without the manufacturers written approval
c.	without the Contracting Officers written approval
d.	both b and c
100. equipme	Each bulldozer. scraper. dragline. crane, motor grader, front-end loader. mechanical shovel, backhoe. and other similar ent shall be equipped with at least one with a minimum rating ofB:C.
a	dry chemical fire extinguisher. 5
b.	carbon dioxide fire extinguisher: 5
C.	halon; 5
d.	either a and b

101. propelled	Except for equipment designed and operated so that the operator is always facing the direction of motion. all self-construction and industrial equipment whether moving alone or in combination. shall be equipped with a
a	ROPS
b.	headlights
c.	turn signals
d.	reverse signal alarm
102.	Which of the following documents must every crane have with them at all times they are to be operated?
a	a copy of manufacturer's operating manual and operating aids with which the crane is equipped.
b.	the load rating chart
c.	crane log book
d.	all of the above
103.	A shall be developed and implemented for crane set-up and set-down procedures.
a.	standard operating procedure
b.	hazard analysis
C.	safety plan
d.	all of the above
104.	All lattice boom and hydraulic mobile cranes (except articulating boom cranes ) shall be equipped with a
a	boom angle indicator
b.	load indicating device or load movement indicator
C.	drum rotation indicators
d.	all of the above
105.	All lattice boom cranes shall be equipped with an anti-nvo block device to stop thie load hoisting function except for
a.	cranes used exclusively for lifting loads under 9000 kg ( 10 tons)
b.	cranes used exclusively for lifting loads under 4500 kg (5 tons)
C.	cranes used exclusively for duty cycle operations
d.	cranes used exclusively for personnel Ming operations
106.	All mobile cranes with cable supported booms shall be equipped with
a.	boom stops
b.	jibs with positive stops
c.	boom hoist disengaging device
d.	all of the above
e.	aandc
107.	shall be worn by all personnel on floating plant decks exposed to severe weather. regardless of other
satety de	evices utilized.
a.	USCG approved foul weather gear
b.	ANSI approved goggles
c.	USCG approved PFD
d.	both a and c

108.	All pressurized equipment and systems shall be provided with
a b. c. <b>d.</b>	a pressure gauge. a safety relief valve. inspection and testing records with certificate. All the above
109.	Which of the following are correct for Compressed gas cylinders storage?
a. b. c. d. e.	Stored in well-ventilated locations Secured in an upright position. Segregated by gas group with empty cylinders stored in the same manner. Separated from flammable. combustible or ignitable materials. all the above
110.	Compressed gas cylinders in service shall be secured by use of
<b>a. b.</b> c. d	Substantial fixed or portable tacks Substantial hand trucks. Attached with ropes or ties to a permanent and substantial structural member. bothaandb
111.	Personal fall protection devices or the equivalent includes
a. b. c. d.	a standard guardrail, catch platform, temporary floor, safety net or the equivalent, a full body harness and lanyard, bothaandb neither a orb
112.	Personal fall protection devices or the equivalent shall be provided for all employees
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d</li></ul>	on accessways (excluding ladders) or work platforms from which they may fall 1.8 m (6 ft) or more: on runways for falls 12 m (4 ft) or more: and over water. machinery, or dangerous operations. only for work on roofs. structural steel members or towers. only when required by the activity hazard analysis. as required by the competent person.
	An acceptable guardrail system consists of a topmil. midrail and toeboard with posts on 8 ft centers having a vertical of 105 cm +/-7.5 cm (42 in +/-3 in) from the upper surface of the toprail to the floor and capable of resisting 200 lbs d in any direction to the top edge. Which of the following are acceptable materials
a b. c. d. e.	wooden tails consisting of a 2x4 toprail. a 1 x6 midrail, a 1 x4 toeboard with 2x4 posts. pipe rails consisting of a 1.5 inch diameter toprail midrail, a 1x4 toeboard with 1.5 inch diameter posts. structural steel rails consisting of a 2x2x3/8 angle toprail, midrail, a 1 x4 toeboard with a 2x2x3/8 angle posts. all the above bothaandb

114.	A standard guardrail system shall be
a.	at all open sides/end locations where persons are required or permitted to pass or work under the elevated platform or where needed to prevent persons from falling from the elevated platform.
b.	at all stairs where persons may fall.
С.	on all scaffolds and workplatforms.
d.	only as required by the contractors' competent person.
115.	Personal fall protection equipment shall be inspected before use each day to determine that it is in safe working
condition	n: defective equipment shall be immediately
a.	tagged for further testing.
b.	used for positioning and not as primary fall protection equipment.
С.	replaced.
d.	brought to the competent persons attention for evaluation
116.	Which of the following is true about lifelines?
a.	Multiple employees can be attached to the same vertical lifeline if acceptable to the contractor's competent person.
b.	Only one employee can be attached to a vertical Lifeline.
C.	Lifelines can be designed to the actual working loads.
d.	Horizontal lifelines never require locking devices.
e.	none of the above
117.	The maximum length of portable step ladders shall not esceed
a.	2.4 m (8 A)
b.	3.6 m (12 ft)
С.	5.5 m (18 ft)
d.	6 m (20 ft)
118.	A fixed ladder shall have a minimum of clear length of rungs or clears.
a.	25.4 cm (10 in)
b.	30.5 cm (12 in)
С.	40.6 cm (16 in)
d.	45.7 cm (18 in)
119.	On all structures 6 m (20 ft) or more in height shall be provided during construction.
a	portable ladders
b.	fixed ladders
C.	stairways
d.	elevators
120.	The use of a crane or derrick to hoist personnel on a platformis
a.	regularly used.
b.	an effective means of moving personnel to upper floors.
С.	prohibited except for specifically identified circumstances
d.	commonly used during construction of airfield hangers.

121. anticipat	Scaffolds and their components shah be capable of supporting without failure at least times the maximum and load.
a.	2
b.	3
c.	4
d.	5
ч.	
122.	Scaffold planks shall extend over their end support not less than (unless the planking is manufactured with
restminin	ng hooks or equivalent means or secured from movement) nor more thanAll platform planking shall be
overlapp	or secured from movement
a.	20 cm (8 in); 30 cm (12 in); 30 cm (12 in)
b.	15 cm (6 in); 30 cm (12 in); 30 cm (12 in)
c.	10 cm (4 in); 20 cm (8 in); 20 cm (8 in)
d.	None of the above
123.	All pole scaffolds shall be securely guyed or tied to the structure. Where the height or length exceedsthe
scaffold	shall be secured at intervals not greater than vertically and horizontally.
a.	6 m (20 ft); 6 m (20 ft)
b.	7.5 m (25 ft); 7.5 m (25 ft)
c.	9 m (30 ft); 9 m (30 ft)
d.	None of the above.
124. be perm	On a suspension scaffold designed for a working load of 225 kg (500 pounds). no more than employees shall itted to work at one time.
a.	one
b.	two
C.	three
d.	four
125.	Prior to initiating demolition activities the following survey plan shall be accomplished:
a.	Engineering Survey
b.	Asbestos Survey
c.	Demolition Plan
d.	All of the above
126.	All material chutes. or sections thereof. at an angle of more than from the horizontal shah be enclosed.
	s equipped with closures at or about floor level for the above grade, may be removed to provide storage area for insertion
of mater	rials.
a.	30 degrees
b.	45 degrees
C.	60 degrees
d.	None of the above

127.	Coverings for floor and roof openings shah be of sufficient	to support any load which may be imposed
and shall	be in place to prevent accidental removal or displacement	
a.	thickness; secured	
b.	strength: secured	
c.	quality; made	
d.	None of the above	
128.	Conduits, trenches, and manhole covers and their supports when espo	
сапу а п	ruck rear axle load of times the maximum anticipated load	•
a.	one	
b.	two	
C.	three	
d.	four	
	Wall opening protection barriers shah be capable of withstanding a loan (except upward) with a minimum of deflection at any point on the top	rail or corresponding member. or screens of such
	tion and mounting that they are capable of withstanding a load of at leas	t applied horizontally at any point
on the n	ear side of the screen.	
a.	45 kg (100 lbs); 90 kg (200 lbs)	
b.	68 kg (150 lbs); 113 kg (250 lbs)	
c.	90 kg (200 lbs); 90 kg (200 lbs)	
d.	113 kg (250 lbs);113 kg (250 lbs)	
	Every hatchway and chute floor opening shah be guarded by a so as to leave only one exposed side: the exposed side shall be person cannot walk into the opening.	
-	• •	
a.	steel; railings	
b.	plywood; railings	
C.	hinged: railings;	
d.	None of the above.	
131.	Whenever workers are in or around excavations. a competent person s	shall inspect the excavation, adjacent areas, and
protecti	ve systems daily, as needed during shifts	
a.	as noted in the contractors` Activity Hazard Analysis.	
b.	after every rainstorm or other hazard-increasing occurrence	
C.	at the end of the shift.	
d.	None of the above.	
132.	Where oxygen deficiency or gaseous conditions are known or suspect	ed air in the excavation shall be
	the start of each shift or more often if directed by the designated authorit	
a.	mechanically vented	
b.	tested	
C.	physically removed	
d.	None of the above	

133.	If water is accurnulating in the bottom of a trench, the worker should
a.	go into the trench to evaluate the depth of the water and the condition of the trench sides.
b.	not enter unless the water hazards are controlled by measures planned and directed by a registered engineer.
C.	review the Activity Hazard Analysis and obtain the proper gear to work in the wet conditions.
d.	None of the above.
	Excavated material shall be placed at least from the edge of an excavation or shall be retained by devices re sufficient to prevent the materials from falling into the excavation. In any case, material shall be placed at a distance to excessive loading on the face of the excavation.
a.	0.6 m (2 ft)
b.	0.9 m (3 ft)
c.	1.2 m (4 ft)
d.	1.5 m (5 ft)
135. perimete	Protection shall be provided to prevent personnel. vehicles. and equipment fi-om falling into excavations. What class of er protection is required for excavanons exposed to members of the public or vehicles. or equipment?
a.	Class I
b.	Class II
c.	Class III
d.	None of the above
136. provideo	Where personnel are required to enter excavations over in depth. sufficient stairs, tamps, or ladders shall be d to require no more than of lateral travel.
a.	1.2 m (4 ft); 7.5 m (25 ft)
b.	1.7 m (5 ft); 6 m (20 ft)
C.	1.8 m (6 ft); 7.5 m (35 ft)
d	2.4 m (8 ft); 9 m (30 ft)
137.	All underground work must be evaluated to see if
a.	it is a confined space.
b.	access is controlled to prevent unauthorized entry and a check-incheck-out system is in place.
C.	appropriate emergency rescue plans. equipment and personnel are available.
d.	an effective communication system is provided.
e.	all the above
138.	At least one shall be on duty above ground whenever personnel are located in any form of
undergro	ound construction to keep an accurate count of employees under ground and secure immediate first aid
a.	foreman with no other duties
b.	skilled laborer with no other dunes
C.	designated person with no other duties
d	Quality Control representative with no other duties

139.	During steel erection. fall protectton must be provided whenever employees are exposed to falls of or mote.
a.	1.8 m (6 ft)
b.	2.4 m (8 A)
C.	3.6 m (12 ft)
d	5.5 m (18 ft)
e.	6 m (20 ft)
by one of	Employees engaged in the construction, maintenance. or repair of built-up roofing (but not construction of the roof roofs having a slope and edges 1.8 m (6 ft) or more above lower levels. shall be protected from falling f the following: guardrail systems: safety net systems: personnel fall arrest systems: or warning line system combined ardrail, safety net. personnel fall arrest. or safety monitoring system.
a.	greater than or equal to four vertical to twelve horizontal
b.	less than or equal to four vertical to twelve horizontal
C.	greater than or equal to six vertical to twelve horizontal
d.	less than or equal to six vertical to twelve horizontal
141. furnished	On all roofs greater than in height a hoisting device, stairways, or progressive platforms shall be d for supplying materials and equipment
a.	3.7 m (12 A)
b.	4.8 m (16 ft)
C.	5.5 m (18 ft)
d.	6 m (30 ft)
142. of the sit	Pre-entry briefings shall be held for employeesto ensure that employees are knowledgeable te-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) and activity' hazard analysis and that the plan and analysis are being followed
a.	on the first day of the job pnor to doing any production activity
b.	at the supervisors discretion or after an accident
C.	prior to their initiating any new or differing site activity and at such other times as necessary
d.	not required
143. shall:	When employees are engaged in Hazardous. Toxic. and Radioactive Waste (HTRW) activities the prime contractor
a	Integrate all subcontractor work activities into the Site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) and make the SSHP available to all contractor and subcontractor employees
b.	Ensure all subcontractors integrate provisions of the SSHP in their work activities
C.	Integrate only the prime contractor work activities into the Site-specific safety and health plan (SSHP)
d.	Make the SSHP available to only prime contractor employees
e.	aandb
f.	c and d
144.	Prior to conducting on-sate HTRW activities. all contractor personnel shah successfully complete:
a	a 24 hour HTRW Safety and health training course
b.	a 24 hour HTRW Safety and health training course to be followed by an 8-hour annual refresher course
C.	a 40 hour EPA Hazardous Waste course followed by an S-hour annual refresher course
d	a 40 hour HTRW Safety and health training course to be followed by an S-hour annual refresher course

site cond	The level of protection provided by personal protective equipment shall be increased when additional information on itions indicates that increased protection is necessary to
a. b. c. d.	increase exposure above published exposure levels reduce exposure below permissible exposure limits reduce exposure below published exposure levels bandcabove
storage ta	The removal or disposal of UST (Underground Storage Tank) systems which contained petroleum or other hazardous e shall be in accordance with the procedures of, Removal and Disposal of Used Underground Petroleum anks. A copy of it will be used in developing the hazard analyses for UST system removal/disposal activities and shall be at the job site.
<b>a.</b> b. c. d	ACGIH Recommended Practices for USTs UST Recommended Practice 10 12  API Recommended Practice 1604 API Recommended Practice 40 1
147.	Hazard analyses for the removal or disposal of an underground storage tank (UST) shall address:
<b>a. b.</b> c. d e.	hazards of UST system contents and procedures for hazard control monitoring requirements and procedures UST system draining, purging, and cleaning procedures spill contingency planning all of the above
148.	Petmission in writing shall be obtained fi-om the Government's designated author@ before explosive materials are -
a b. c. d	replenished brought on the job site aandb none of the above
and amb	For, a dive log containing full name. date. location of dive. maximum depth, bottom time. surface interval dives. breathing medium and type of equipment used, group classification at beginning and end of each interval. water pient air temperature. depth(s) and duration(s) of any decompression stops, and date and time of last previous dive shall be and maintained
<b>a. b.</b> c. d	each dive: at the dive location each diver with the diver each diver and dive: at the dive location each diver and dive; with the diver
150. to use S	A contract requires that several cluster piles be cut off at the mud line, 55' below mean low water. The contractor elects CUBA divers to access the work. The minimum dive team will be composed of
a b. <b>c</b> .	One Diving Supervisor, one divers one standby diver  One Diving Supervisor, two divers (in visual contact), one standby diver  One Diving Supervisor, two divers (in visual contact), one standby diver, two tender  One Diving Supervisor, one divers one standby diver two tender

## FACILITIES SUPPORT CONTRACT (FSC) CONSTRUCTION/ALTERATION/REPAIR SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS COURSE

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

### **Procedures**

This exam is targeted for FSC personnel (ex. OICs, AOICs, FSCMs, and QAEs) who go into the field, unescorted, to inspect or view the contractors work. The students will learn requirements as outlined in U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1, and be able to recognize safety and health hazards on their contract jobs.

The program will be administered and tracked by an appointed person at the EFD, EFA, PWC or CBC. This program administrator, normally located in the activity safety office, will be responsible for administrating, tracking, and maintaining records for the FSC exam.

All targeted personnel who have not taken and successfully completed the FSC Construction/Alteration/Repair Safety and Health Requirements exam or who were certified prior to 1 April 1997
are required to be certified/recertified utilizing the attached examination. Targeted personnel will
be provided with a copy of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements
Manual, EM 385-I -1, for their use during the testing period, and the attached 100 question exam.
Students will be given a maximum of six months to complete the 100 question open book exam.
A passing grade of 80 must be obtained to receive a certificate of accomplishment. Sample
certificate is attached.

Retesting of personnel will be required on future rewrites of the EM 385-I-I and at the discretion of the program administrator

## FSC Construction/Alteration/Repair Safety and Health Requirements Course

### Open Book Exam

	Score:
NAME:	:START_DATE
OFFIC	E:
	ctions: Circle the most appropriate answer. (Optional: Indicate the location of ference on the reference line.)
referen	On most Construction/Alteration/Repair projects, the Corps or Engineers Health & Safety I (COE-385-I-I) 29 CFR 1910.29 CFR 1926, and other safety and health documents are ces. In these cases with multiple references requirements, including Local, State, and references. the applies.
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	COE-3851-I will apply 29 CFR 1910 will apply 29 CFR 1926 will apply The most stringent will apply The reference for the agency that is administering the contract will apply
Refere	ence:
2.	Each individual employee is responsible for:
a. b. c. d. e.	Complying with applicable safety requirements Wearing the prescribed safety equipment Preventing avoidable accidents All of the above Both a and b
Refere	ence:

3. personr	In addition to the requirements of an accident prevention plan, contractor quality control nel - as part of their quality control responsibilities - shall conduct
a.	Preparatory, initial, follow-up inspections
<b>а.</b> b.	Daily Safety Inspections
	Activity Hazard Analysis
c. d.	Weekly Safety Meetings
Refere	ence:
4.	Before beginning each activity involving a type of work presenting hazards not experienced
in prev	ious project operations, or where a new work crew or subcontractor is to perform the work, shall be prepared by the contractors performing the work activii.
a.	a Preparatory Inspection
b.	on site training
C.	an Activity Hazard Analysis
d.	Prework training
Refer	ence:
-	Work will not begin until the for the work activity has been accepted designated authority and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including entractor, subcontractor(s): and Government on-site representatives.
a.	Preparatory Inspection; Contractors
b.	Safety Concerns; Contractors
C.	Preparatory Inspection; Governments
d.	Hazard Analysis; Governments
	ence:
110101	
6.	, , ,
which	of the following:
a.	Employee and supervisor responsibilities for reporting all accidents.
b.	Job hazards and the means to control/eliminate those hazards.
С.	Requirements and responsibilities for accident prevention and maintaining safe and healthful work environments.
d.	Procedures for reporting and correcting unsafe conditions or practices.
e.	All the above.
Refer	rence:

7. within _	Employers and immediate supervisors are responsible for reporting all injuries to the
a. b. <b>c.</b> <b>d</b> .	Designated Authority; 24 hours Project Superintendent; 24 hours Designated Authority; 72 hours Project Superintendent; 48 hours
Refere	ence:
8.	An accident is investigated in depth to:
<b>a. b. c. d. e.</b>	Identify all causes Recommend hazard control measures Determine who was at fault All of the above Both a and b
Reference:	
9.	Accident record keeping requirements call for:
a. b. c. d. e.	a weekly record of all investigations a weekly record of all exposures a weekly record of all lost-time injuries a daily record of all injuries a daily record of all first aid treatments not otherwise reportable
Refere	ence:
10. Emergency telephone numbers and reporting instructions shall be posted at the work site for which of the following?	
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	Ambulance Physician Hospital Fire All of the above
Reference:	

	At least two employees on each shift, shall be qualified to administer first aid and when, in terms of time and distance, a medical facility or physician is not accessible 5 minutes to a group of employees of:
a.	2 or more
b.	5 or more
C.	10 or more
d.	20 or more
e.	50 or more
Refere	ence:
12. expend	The contents of first aid kits shall be checked by the employer to assure that ded items are replaced prior to utilization and at least:
a.	each shift when work is in progress
b.	each day when work is in progress
C.	each week when work is in progress
d.	every two weeks when work is in progress
e.	each month when work is in progress
Refere	ence:
areas	Temporary project fencing (or a substitute acceptable to the government's designated ity and delineated in the accident prevention plan)shall be on all projects located in used by of the Consideration will also be given to those areas proximate ity housing areas and/or school facilities.
a.	used; personnel; contractor
b.	erected; personnel; contractor
C.	provided; members; public
d.	erected; members; public
Reference:	
14. minim	Employees shall wear clothing suitable for the weather and work conditions: the um for field work shall be short sleeve shirt, long trousers. and
a.	hard hat
b.	goggles
C.	leather or other protective work shoes or boots
d.	face shield
e.	all the above
Refer	ence:

Department of Defense personnel shall be provided protection against the effects of hazardous noise exposure whenever sound-pressure levels exceed dB(A) steady state <b>as a</b> TWA or dB(A) impulse.	f
a. 70; 80 b. 85; 110 c. 60; 80 d. 70; 160 e. 85; 140	
Reference:	
<b>16.</b> When the sound pressure level in a working area exceeds 115 dBA, steady state, the following is required:	
<ul> <li>a. Earplugs</li> <li>b. Earmuffs</li> <li>c. Both earplugs and earmuffs or their equivalent</li> <li>d. Caution signs</li> <li>e. Both c and d</li> </ul>	
Reference:	
17. Protective headgear shall be worn in which of the following areas?	
<ul> <li>a. Construction</li> <li>b. Dredging</li> <li>c. Demolition/maintenance</li> <li>d. All of the above</li> <li>e. Both a and c</li> </ul>	
Reference:	
18. Respirators shall not be substituted for engineering or environmental control methods without approval of the	
<ul> <li>a. Supervisor</li> <li>b. Contractor</li> <li>c. Respiratory manager</li> <li>d. Designated Authority</li> <li>e. None of the above</li> </ul>	
Reference:	

	respirator equipped with a facepiece be worn if facial hair comes the sealing surface of the facepiece and the face, or if facial hair interferes with action.
b. w c. sl d. m	an vill hall not nay not All the above
Referen	ce:
20. lı	n which of the following circumstance(s) can a air purifying respirator be used?
b. T c. <u>T</u> d. T	The oxygen content of air IS at least 19.5% There is periodic air monitoring of the work area The respirator assembly is approved for protection against the specific contaminants The type and model of respirator to be used has been successfully fit tested on the wearer All the above
Referen	ce:
	All confined spaces shall be considered to life or health until proven by testing.
b. l	Classified located: hazardous Untested classified; dangerous Unknown classified; hazardous Permit required; Immediately dangerous
Referen	nce:
	Body belt/harness systems shall decelerate and bring the employee to a complete stop, excluding lifeline elongation, after free fall distance.
b. 3 c. 5 d. 7	1 meter (42 inches) 3 meters (9.8 feet) 5 meters (16.4 feet) 7 meters (23 feet)

23.	Lanyards and vertical lifelines shall have a minimum tensile strength of:
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	2000 kg (4,400 lbs) 2110 kg (4,650 lbs) 2180 kg (4,800 lbs) 2,270 kg (5,000 lbs) 2450 kg (5,400 lbs)
Refere	ence:
24. the sub	When any hazardous substance is procured, used, stored. or disposedfor ostances shall be available at the worksite.
a. b. c. d.	Chemical Information Substance Control Procedures Manufacturer's Handling Procedures MSDS
Refer	ence:
25. mater	Containers which have been used for hazardous substances may be used for other ials:
a. b. <b>c.</b> <b>d</b> . e.	After 6 months After 12 months After 18 months If the substances are compatible None of the above
Refer	ence:
26.	Heating devices or melting kettles shall:
a. b. <b>c</b> . <b>d</b> . e.	Be placed on a level, firm foundation Bituminous-material melting kettles shall be provided with an effective lid or hood Not be left unattended Have an approved fire extinguisher available at the location of use All of the above
Refer	ence:

a. 6 meters, (18 feet) b. 8 meters, (25 feet) c. 10 meters, (30 feet) d. 12 meters, (35 feet)  Reference:  28. Which statement(s) is not correct when handling hot substances?  a. Passageways, clear of obstructions, shall be provided for all persons carrying hot substances.  b. Hot substances can be carried up and down ladders. c. Hoist used for raising or lower hot substances, shall be given special attention to ensure that the hoist mechanism is adequate. d. aandb e. None of the above  Reference:  29. Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be: a. labeled as to content b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c. e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	27.	Bituminous-material melting kettles shall not be used or operated inside, atop, or within of buildings or combustible material.
28. Which statement(s) is not correct when handling hot substances?  a. Passageways, clear of obstructions, shall be provided for all persons carrying hot substances.  b. Hot substances can be carried up and down ladders.  c. Hoist used for raising or lower hot substances, shall be given special attention to ensure that the hoist mechanism is adequate.  d. a andb e. None of the above  Reference:  29. Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be:  a. labeled as to content b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	b. c.	8 meters, (25 feet) 10 meters, (30 feet)
a. Passageways, clear of obstructions, shall be provided for all persons carrying hot substances.  b. Hot substances can be carried up and down ladders.  c. Hoist used for raising or lower hot substances, shall be given special attention to ensure that the hoist mechanism is adequate.  d. aandb e. None of the above  Reference:  29. Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be:  a. labeled as to content b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	Refe	rence:
substances.  b. Hot substances can be carried up and down ladders.  c. Hoist used for raising or lower hot substances, shall be given special attention to ensure that the hoist mechanism is adequate.  d. aandb e. None of the above  Reference:  29. Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be:  a. labeled as to content b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is_not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	28.	Which statement(s) is <u>not</u> correct when handling hot substances?
Reference:  29. Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be:  a. labeled as to content b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	b. c. d.	substances.  Hot substances can be carried up and down ladders.  Hoist used for raising or lower hot substances, shall be given special attention to ensure that the hoist mechanism is adequate.  a and b
29. Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be:  a. labeled as to content b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing		
<ul> <li>a. labeled as to content</li> <li>b. free from any soldered joints or attachments</li> <li>c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top</li> <li>d. b and c</li> <li>e. None of the above</li> </ul> Reference: <ul> <li>30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?</li> </ul> a. Soap and water <ul> <li>b. Natural immunity</li> <li>c. Protection ointments</li> <li>d. Instruction in identification</li> <li>e. Protective clothing</li> </ul>	Refe	rence:
b. free from any soldered joints or attachments c. not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top d. b and c e. None of the above  Reference:  30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	29.	Containers for handling and transportation of hot substances shall be:
30. Which of the following is not a protective measure for employees that are exposed to poisonous plants?  a. Soap and water b. Natural immunity c. Protection ointments d. Instruction in identification e. Protective clothing	b. <b>c</b> . <b>d</b> .	free from any soldered joints or attachments not filled higher than 10 cm (4 in) from the top b and c
<ul> <li>a. Soap and water</li> <li>b. Natural immunity</li> <li>c. Protection ointments</li> <li>d. Instruction in identification</li> <li>e. Protective clothing</li> </ul>	Refe	rence:
<ul> <li>b. Natural immunity</li> <li>c. Protection ointments</li> <li>d. Instruction in identification</li> <li>e. Protective clothing</li> </ul>		
Reference:	<b>b</b> . <b>c</b> . d.	Natural immunity Protection ointments Instruction in identification
	Refe	rence:

	A mechanical device shall be ready to retrieve personnel from vertical PRCSs more than deep.
a.	1.5 meters, (4) feet
b.	1.7 meters, (5) feet
C.	1.8 meters, (6) feet
d.	None of the above
Refere	nce:
32.	On an accident preventron sign labeled "DANGER", the word "DANGER" will
appear	as what color.
<b>a</b> .	Red
b.	Orange
C.	Yellow
d.	Green
е.	White
Refere	nce:
<b>33.</b> flamma	shall be the color for identifying dangerous conditions, and containers of ble liquids.
a.	Red
b.	Orange
C.	Yellow
d.	Green
e.	Black and white
Refere	nce:
	The slow-moving vehicle emblem shall be used on vehicles or equipment which, by move at:
a.	5 mph or less on public roads
b.	10 mph or less on public roads
C.	15 mph or less on public roads
d.	20 mph or less on public roads
e.	25 mph or less on public roads
Refere	nce:

35. Accident prevention tags warning employees of defective tools, equipment, and lockout shall be:
<ul> <li>a. Made of metal or plastic</li> <li>b. Green in color</li> <li>c. Used only as a temporary means</li> <li>d. Conform to Title 10, Part 20, Code of Federal Regulations</li> <li>e. All of the above</li> </ul>
Reference:
36. All sources of ignition shall be prohibited within of operation with a potential fire hazard: the area shall be conspicuously and legibly posted NO SMOKING OR OPEN FLAME.
a. 15 m (50 ft) b. 30 m (100 ft) c. 46 m (150 ft) d. 61 m (200 ft) e. All the above
Reference:
37. Smoking shall be prohibited in all areas where flammable, combustible, or oxidizing materials are stored. Signs will be posted and state which of the following?
<ul> <li>a. NO SMOKING</li> <li>b. NO OPEN FLAMES</li> <li>c. NO SMOKING OR OPEN FLAMES</li> <li>d. SMOKING PROHIBITED</li> <li>e. None of the above</li> </ul>
Reference:
38. No flammable liquid with a (closed cup test) flash point below shall be used for cleaning purposes or to start or rekindle fires,
a. 23°C (73°F) b. 38°C (100°F) c. 49°C (120°F) d. 63°C (145°F) e. 100°C (212°F)
Reference:

	Safety cans or other portable service containers of flammable liquids having a flash tor below 23°C (73°F) shall:					
a. b. c. d. e.	be painted red with a yellow band around the can be painted yellow with red diagonal stripes around the can have the name of the contents legibly indicated on the container a and c b and c					
Refere	nce:					
40.	Unopened containers of paint shall be stored in:					
a. b. c. d.	tightly sealed storage locker or closet quantities of less than one weeks supply in buildings under construction a maximum distance of 10 feet or more from stairways a well-ventilated location, free of excessive heat, smoke. sparks. flame, or direct rays of the sun None of the above					
Refere	ence:					
	All tanks, hoses and containers of 19 L (5 gal) or less, while flammable liquids are transferred, shall be:					
a. b. c. d. e.	in metallic contact securely insulated bonded and grounded made of explosion-proof materials vented					
Refere	ence:					
42. greater	Areas in which flammable or combustible liquids are transferred, in quantities than 19 L (5 gal), from one container to another:					
a. b. <b>c.</b> <b>d</b> . e.	shall be separated from other operations by 10 feet shall be separated from other operations by a fire wall with a fire resistance of four hours either a or b shall be provided with drainage to control spills shall be so ventilated as to maintain vapor concentrations below 50% of the lower explosive limit					
Refere	ence:					

43. Ioant	9
iocai	ed at least from covering.
a.	3 m (10 ft)
b.	4.5 m (15 ft)
C.	6 m (20 <b>ft</b> )
d.	7.6 m (25 ft)
e.	None of the above
Refe	rence:
44.	Approved fire extinguishers shall:
a.	be approved by a nationally recognized testing laboratory and labeled to identify the listing and labeled organization
b.	be marked with their letter (class of fire) and numeric classification
C.	not use Carbon Tetrachloride or water extinguishing agents
d.	b and c
e.	a and b
Refe	erence:
<b>45.</b> mate	Clearance of at least shall be maintained between the top of stored erial and sprinkler deflectors.
a.	46 cm (18 inches)
b.	91 cm (36 inches)
C.	122 cm (48 inches)
d.	152 cm (60 inches)
e.	183 cm (72 inches)
Refe	erence:
46.	In multiple-story facilities. at least one extinguisher shall be adjacent to:
a.	external exits
b.	electrical supply boxes
C.	stairways
d.	a and b
e.	None of the above
Refe	erence:

	Either general mechanical or local exhaust ventilation shall be provided whenever welding, or heating is performed in a
a.	open structure
b.	confined open ladder
C.	confined space
d.	None of the above
Refere	nce:
48.	Which of the following flexible cords/cables are designed for damp locations?
a.	Thermoset-jacketed heat resistant cord (AFS)
b.	Thermoset-jacketed heater cord (HS)
C.	Hard service cord (STOO)
d.	Junior hard service cord (SJE)
e.	All the above
Refere	nce:
49.	Splices are allowed in flexible cables when:
a.	Cable is hard service flexible cable No. 10 or larger with molded or vulcanized splices
b.	Cable is recommended for damp locations
C.	Cable height is 7 feet or more
d.	Both a and c
e.	Cable is hard service flexible cable No. 12 or larger with molded or vulcanized splices
Refere	nce:
50.	Attachment plugs and other connectors supplying equipment at more than volts shall be skirted or otherwise designed so that arcs will be confined.
a.	100
b.	150
C.	220
d.	300
e.	500
Refere	nce:

51.	Which of the following need not be grounded?
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	Floodlights Double insulated tools Fuse boxes Semi-portable equipment None of the above
Refere	ence:
52.	Crane operations adjacent to overhead 50 kv lines are prohibited unless:
a. b. c. d.	power has been shut off and positive means taken to prevent the lines from being energized a 1.2 m (4 ft) clearance is maintained a 3 m (10 ft) clearance is maintained Either a or b Either a or c
Refere	ence:
<b>53.</b> could	Which of the following statement/s is most correct concerning work activities which affect or be affected by overhead lines:
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	Greatest care shall be taken Rubber mats are optional The machinery or equipment will be grounded The job shall not be initiated until coordinated with the appropriate utility officials None of the above
Refer	ence:
54. equipp	The minimum required clearance from power lines can be reduced on cranes ped with:
a. b. c. d. e.	Cage boom guards Insulating links Proximity warning devices Either b or c None of the above

55.	Before	climbing	poles.	ladders.	scaffolds	or	other	elevated	structures:

- a. An inspection shall determine that the structures are capable of sustaining the additional or unbalanced stresses to which they will be subjected
- b. The pole shall be made safe by guying, bracing, or other means
- C. Action shall be taken as necessary to prevent failure of poles prior to removing or installing wire or cable

d. e.	All of the above Both a and b
Refer	ence:
56. treated	On underground electrical installations, maintenance holes and unvented vaults shall be d as, and subjected to the requirements of
a. b. <b>c</b> . <b>d</b> .	confined space unattended substation energized substation a and b
Refer	ence:
57.	Which of the following best describe the term "HIGH VOLTAGE"?
a. b. c. d. e.	600 votts or greater 500 volts or greater 400 volts or greater All the above None of the above
Refer	ence:
58. utilize	Which of the following statement/s is incorrect when tagout devices are being d?
a.	Tags must be legible and understood by all authorized and affected employees and incidental personnel.
b.	Tags and their means of attachment must be made of materials which withstand the environment.
C.	Tags essentially provide the same protection as locks.
d.	Tags shall not be by-passed.
e.	Both a and d.
Refer	ence:

59. Cracke	All abrasive wheels shall be closely inspected and ring-tested before mounting. ed or damaged grinding wheels shall be:			
a. b. <b>c.</b> <b>d</b> . e.	properly dressed balanced by truing run not more than 2500 sfpm run not more than 5000 sfpm destroyed			
Refere	ence:			
60.	All portable, power-driven circular saws shall:			
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	be equipped with guards above and below the baseplate or shoe be double insulated have the operating speed etched or permanently marked in a prominent place be equipped with anti-kickback devices be equipped with sawdust collector			
Refere	ence:			
61.	Explosive actuated tools shall not be driven into:			
a. b. c. d. e.	soft or easily penetrable materials unless they are backed by a material that will prevent the fastener from passing through the other side concrete, unless the material thickness is at least three times the penetration of the fastened shank cast iron All of the above Both a and b			
Refere	ence:			
62.	A chain saw must never be used to cut at a height:			
a. b. c. d. e.	above the operator's waist below the operators knees above the operator's shoulders above the operator's shoulders, except when using both hands over the operator's head, except when using both hands ence:			

63.	Reusable lumber shall.
a. b. c. d.	be stacked a maximum of 10 feet high be stacked to be stable and self-supporting have all nails withdrawn before it is stacked for storage All of the <b>above</b> Both b and c
Refere	ence:
•	Work areas shall be inspected for adequate housekeeping and sufficient nel/equipment provided to insure compliance. No work will be allowed in any areas that are compliance with good housekeeping.
a.	weekly
b.	daily
C. d.	twice weekly Monthly
Refere	
65. combu	Storage and construction sites shall be kept free from the accumulation of stible materials, such as:
a.	weeds and grass shall be kept down
b.	a regular procedure shall be established for cleanup of the area as specified by the
C	designated authority
C.	rubbish, brush, long grass, or other combustible material shall kept from areas where flammable and combustible liquids are stored, handled, or processed
d.	All the above
e.	None of the above
Refere	ence:
66.	Waste material and rubbish:
a.	can be dropped only 12 feet without using a chute
b.	an be dropped only 8 feet without using a chute
C.	shall be placed in containers
d.	shall be placed in covered metal containers  Both b and d
e.	Don't build a
Refere	ence:

67. provid	Separate covered, self closing, non-flammable/non-reactive containers shall be ded for the collection of:							
a. b. <b>c</b> . d. e.	garbage dangerous wastes scrap lumber All of the above Both a and b							
Refer	rence:							
68.	Rigging equipment for material handling shall be inspected:							
a.	prior to use on each shift							
b.	at least once a week							
C.	as necessary during its use							
d.	aandc b and c							
e.	b and c							
Refe	rence:							
69.	In materials lifting, the hoist rope may be wrapped around the load:							
a.	when setting or removing poles in electric construction							
b.	when moved under or near energized lines							
C.	when a <b>tag</b> li <b>ne</b> is used							
d.	when it will not be moved over or suspended above personnel							
е.	None of the above							
Refe	rence:							
70.	Wire rope clips attached with U-bolts shall:							
a.	have the U-bolts on the dead or short end of the rope							
b.	with the U-bott of all clips on the live end of the rope							
C.	always using three clips							
d.	All of the above							
e.	Both a and c							
Refe	rence:							
1,016								

<ul> <li>a. prior to use on each shift</li> <li>b. daily</li> <li>c. weekly</li> <li>d. as necessary during its use</li> <li>e. Both a and d</li> </ul>
Reference:
<b>72.</b> In determining the safe working loads of the various sizes and types of specific and identifiable hooks:
<ul> <li>a. the designated authority shall make the determination</li> <li>b. ANSI 87.1 shall be followed</li> <li>c. the manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed. If no recommendations are available, hooks shall be tested to twice intended safe working load before they are used</li> <li>d. a safety factor of not less than 10 shall be maintained</li> <li>e. Both b. and d.</li> </ul>
Reference:
73. There shall be at least full wrap(s) of rope on the drums of hoisting equipment at all times.
a. 1 b. 3 c. d. 46
e. <b>8</b>
Reference:
74. Eyebolts shall only be loaded in the plain of the eye and shall not be loaded at angles of less than to the horizontal.
a. 15 degrees b. 20 degrees C. 30 degrees d. 45 degrees e. None of the above

Slings, their fittings, and fastenings, shall be inspected:

71.

75. inspect	Before any machinery or mechanized equipment is placed in use, it shall be ted and tested:
a.	by the manufacturer's representative
b.	by a competent person
C.	by the designated authority
d.	by the operator
e.	as directed in ANSI B.30.5
Refere	ence:
<b>76.</b> be:	Machinery having defects that will impair their strength or render them unsafe shall
a.	repaired immediately
b.	repaired by the maintenance shop
C.	removed from service
d.	Both a and b
e.	None of the above
Refere	ence:
<b>77.</b> Equipn	Machinery and mechanized equipment shall be inspected daily (when in use). ment deficiencies observed at any time that affect their safe operation shall be:
a.	reported on the designated form
b.	reported on the next daily inspection
C.	reported to the mechanic
d.	immediately taken out of service until unsafe conditions have been corrected
e.	None of the above
Reference:	
<b>78.</b> which	Every crane shall have available a load rating chart for that crane. It shall include of the following?
a.	Crane make and model, serial number and year of manufacturer
b.	Load rating for all crane configurations, including optional equipment
C.	Operating limits in windy or cold weather conditions
d.	Recommended reeving for the hoist line
е.	All the above
Reference:	

a. o. c. d. e.	passing a practical operating examination adequate hearing no evidence of emotional instability All of the above Both a and b
Refere	ence:
<b>80.</b> when:	Riding on loads, hooks. hammers, buckets, or material hoists is prohibited except
a. b. c. d. e.	necessary to balance a load necessary to secure <b>a</b> load necessary for a worker to be able to unhook a load Either a or c None of the above
Refere	ence:
81.	The following shall be provided within a mobile crane operator's view:
a. b. c. d. e.	A boom angle or radius indicator A rotation indicator Proximity warning devices All of the above Both b and c
Refere	ence:
	Obstructions or projections into accessways which are pointed, sharp, or which may lacerations, contusions. or abrasions shall be:
a. b. c. d. e.	Removed or conspicuously marked Posted with warning signs and painted yellow Covered with protective material Removed, or the accessway or passageway shall be bamcaded off Barricaded  ence:

The minimum qualifications for operators of hoisting equipment shall be:

79.

83.	loeboards shall be made of lumber or equivalent.
<b>a.</b> b.	2.5 cm x 10 cm (1 inch x 4 inch) 2.5 cm x 7.6 cm (1 inch x 3 inch)
<b>c</b> . <b>d</b> . e.	51 51 cm cm x 7.6 cm (2 inch) x 2.5 cmiimoblo)  None of the above
Refere	ence:
	Hand rails shall be of construction similar to a standard guardrail, but the vertical shall be no more than nor less than from the upper surface of nd rail to surface of tread, in line with face of riser or to surface of ramp.
a. <b>c</b> . <b>d</b> .	75 cm (30 inches); <b>60 cm</b> (24 inches) 85 cm( <b>34</b> inches); 75 cm (30 inches) 95 106 cm( <b>38</b> inches); <b>85</b> 96 cm cm ( <b>34</b> inches) cm( <b>42</b> inches); <b>(38</b> inches)
e.	122 cm(48 inches); 106 cm (42 inches)
Refere	ence:
85.	Portable ladders used as temporary access shall extend past the landing:
a. b. <b>c.</b> <b>d</b> . e.	0.45 m (18 inches)  0.6 m (2 feet)  0.9 m (3 feet)  1.2 m (4 feet)  One-fourth the length of the ladder
Refere	ence:
	Portable ladders shall be used at such a pitch that the horizontal distance from the pport to the foot of the ladder will not be greater than the vertical distance en these points.
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	one-fourth one-fifth one-sixth oneseventh None of the above
Refere	ence:

87.	Broken or damaged ladders shall:
<ul><li>a</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	Have temporary repairs made to them by the worker until such that they can be taken out of service.  Be reported and repaired as soon as possible.  Be immediately repaired.  Be removed from service immediately and destroyed.  Be immediately tagged "DO NOT USE", and withdrawn from service until restored to a condition meeting the original design.
Refere	ence:
88.	Ladders shall be used as work platforms only when:
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	Using small hand tools Lifting heavy materials In conjunction with ladder jacks All of the above Both b and c
Reference:	
89. lift is:	Belting off to an adjacent pole structure or equipment while working from an aerial
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	Optional Recommended Required Shall not be permitted Prohibited except when the worker is sitting on the edge of the basket
Reference:	
90. areas,	When persons will be in or around an excavation, the excavation, the adjacent and protective systems shall be inspected:
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	daily and as needed throughout the work shift quarterly monthly weekly None of the above

Reference:

91.	Excavations less than in depth and which a competent person
examin	les and determines there to be no potential for cave-in do not require protective
system	S.
a.	
b.	0.9 1.5 mm (3 ft)
C.	(5 ft)
d.	2.1 m (7 ft)
	3m (loft)
e.	4.5 m (15 ft)
Refere	ence:
92. least:	Excavated material shall be stored and retained from the edge of the excavation at
a.	<b>0.15</b> m (6 in)
b.	<b>0.3</b> m (1 ft)
C.	<b>0.6</b> m (2 ft)
d.	1.22 m (4 ft)
e.	The distance required by the designated authority
Refere	ence:
93. sufficie than:	Where personnel are required to enter excavations over 1.2 m (4 ft) in depth, ent stairs, ladders, or ramps shall be provided to require lateral travel of no more
•	2 m (10 ft)
<b>a.</b> b.	3 m (10 ft) 4.6 m (15 ft)
D. C.	7.6 m (25 ft)
d.	15.2 m (50 ft)
e.	30 m (100 ft)
0.	
Refere	ence:
94.	Where personnel are working in an excavation over 30 m (100 ft) wide:
a.	a safe means of exit shall be provided
b.	at least two means of exit shall be provided
C.	a means of exit shall be provided at each side
d.	at least two means of exit shall be provided at each side
e.	a means of exit shall be provided at least every 25 feet
Refere	ence:

95.	The removal of trench supports from trench excavations should progress:
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li><li>e.</li></ul>	from the bottom of the trench from the top of the trench together with the backfilling as directed by the designated authority Both a and c
Refere	ence:
96. Employ	Electrical accidents and falls are the two biggest causes of accidents in tree work.  vees working in the proximity of electrical equipment or conductors shall never  the energized or potentially energized equipment.
a.	use metal ladders near
b.	use non-insulated tools on
C.	touch (directly or indirectly)
d.	tie off to
Refere	ence:
97. Dui	ring tree maintenance and removal operations climbing ropes shall not be used to
a.	to raise equipment
b.	to lower equipment
C.	to lower limbs or other parts of trees
d.	all of the above
Refere	ence:
98.	Pole pruners, pole saws, and similar tools shall be equipped with wood or nonmetallic poles;
actuatir	ng cords shall be of
a.	nonconducting material
b.	aluminum
C.	stainless steel
d.	none of the above
Refere	ence:

99. defects	Which of the following shall be visually inspected before each days use for external s, and for indication of possible internal damage?
a.	Cord sets
b.	Attachment caps
	Plugs and receptacles of cord sets
d.	All the above
e.	None of the above
Reference:	
100.	The steps or rungs of permanent ladders shall be set to provide at least
toe space from the center line of the rungs, cleats, to the nearest permanent object in back of the ladder	
a.	1 inch
b.	3 inches
C.	7 inches
d.	10 inches
e.	12 inches
Reference:	